

December 12, 2022

Honorable Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors Attention: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Ethics Commission Adoption of Revised Behested Payment Regulations

Dear Members of the Board:

Charter Sec. 15.102, in part, provides that a regulation adopted by the Ethics Commission "shall become effective 60 days after the date of its adoption unless before the expiration of this 60-day period two-thirds of all members of the Board of Supervisors vote to veto the rule or regulation." This transmits regulations adopted by the Ethics Commission at its meeting on Friday, December 9, 2022 regarding the City's behested payment rules contained in SF Campaign & Governmental Conduct Code Sec. 3.600 et seq.

The adopted <u>regulations appear at Attachment 1 of the attached Ethics Commission Staff memorandum</u> <u>dated December 2, 2022</u>. A <u>summary of the regulations</u> is also attached. A hard copy of these documents is attached to this communication.

The Commission is required to adopt rules, regulations, and guidelines for the implementation of Article III, Chapter 6 of the Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code (as specified in Section 3.630). The Code specifies that these regulations include defining and illustrating "interested party" and when a payment is made "at the behest of." Beyond fulfilling the requirements of the Code, these regulations are an opportunity for the Commission to clarify aspects of the City's behested payment rules and elaborate on how these rules work in practice. The approved regulations are intended to fulfill the requirements of the Code and provide additional clarity on the City's behested rules.

The regulations were developed with public input and review, including opportunities to provide feedback at two interested persons meetings and two regular meetings of the Commission in October and November.

If you have any questions about the attached regulations, please feel free to contact me or Senior Policy Analyst, Michael Canning at (415) 252-3100.

Sincerely,

LeeAnn Pelham

LeeAnn Pelham, Executive Director

Attachment Included

cc: Brad Russi, Office of the City Attorney

Attachment



Date: December 2, 2022

To: Members of the Ethics Commission

From: Michael Canning, Senior Policy Analyst

Re: AGENDA ITEM 10 – Discussion and possible action on draft behested

payments regulations.

Summary and Action Requested

This memo provides an update on the development of regulations regarding the City's behested payment rules and presents draft regulations for the Commission to review and discuss. The draft regulations are presented in **Attachment 1.** Additional context and background for each draft regulation appears in **Attachment 2**. Staff recommends the Commission vote to approve the regulations as drafted.

Update on the Status of Behested Payment Regulation

The Commission is required to adopt rules, regulations, and guidelines for the implementation of Article III, Chapter 6 of the Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code (as specified in Section 3.630). The Code specifies that these regulations include defining and illustrating "interested party" and when a payment is made "at the behest of." Beyond fulfilling the requirements of the Code, these regulations are an opportunity for the Commission to clarify aspects of the City's behested payment rules and elaborate on how these rules work in practice.

These behested payments regulations would be the first since the City's prohibition on the solicitation of behested payments from interested parties took effect in January 2022. The regulations would remove existing outdated regulations and cover the changes to the City's behested payment rules that were approved by the Commission in August and took effect on November 6.

Since the new behested payment rules went into effect in January, Staff have been receiving questions, offering informal advice, and meeting with various stakeholders regarding these rules. In recent months, Staff held two interested persons meetings regarding these regulations and have directly communicated with various stakeholders, including representatives of the Mayor's office and different City departments. Based on feedback received during the Commission's November meeting, the draft regulations have been revised slightly to clarify what "at the request or suggestion of" means in the context of soliciting a behested payment and that copies of emails or other written communications are potential means for demonstrating proof that certain exceptions are applicable.

The draft regulations found in **Attachment 1**, seek to fulfill the Code's requirement that the Commission enact regulations clarifying the City's behested payment rules and address numerous matters that have been raised by stakeholders throughout the year. Additional context and rationale

for each draft regulation appears in **Attachment 2.** The draft regulations were publically noticed on November 28, 2022, as required by <u>Section 4.104(a)</u> of the City Charter.

Recommended Next Steps

Staff recommends the Commission vote to approve the regulations as drafted in **Attachment 1**. If approved by the Commission, the regulations would be sent to the Board of Supervisors within 24 hours of adoption. If the Board did not veto the regulations, they would then become effective after 60 days.

Attachments:

Attachment 1: Draft Behested Payment Regulations – 11.28.22

Attachment 2: Summary of Draft Regulations – 11.28.22

Attachment 1



ETHICS COMMISSION

Draft Regulations to San Francisco Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code – Campaign Finance and Conflict of Interest Section 3.600 et seq

Regulation 3.610 1. Filing of Behested Payments Reports

Regulation 3.620 1. Filing by Donors

Regulation 3.620-2. Notice by Donors to Recipients

Regulation 3.630-1. Filing by Recipients of Major Behested Payments

Regulation 3.620-1. Soliciting Behested Payments

Regulation 3.620-2. Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "Under the control or at the direction of"

Regulation 3.620-3. Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "In cooperation, consultation, coordination, or concert with"

Regulation 3.620-4. Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "At the request or suggestion of"

Regulation 3.620-5. Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "With the express, prior consent of"

Regulation 3.620-6. Soliciting Behested Payments Valued at Less Than \$1,000

Regulation 3.620-7. Soliciting Behested Payments for Unspecified Amounts

Regulation 3.620-8. Exceptions

Regulation 3.620-9. Definition of "Interested Party"

Regulation 3.620-10. Definition of "Interested Party" – Parties Involved in Administrative Proceedings

Regulation 3.620-11. Definition of "Interested Party" – Parties Involved in Governmental Decisions

Regulation 3.620-12. Definition of "Interested Party" – Licenses, Permits, or Other Entitlements for Use Issued on a Ministerial Rasis

Regulation 3.620-13. Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors

Regulation 3.620-14. Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Contract Term

Regulation 3.620-15. Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Grant Exception

Regulation 3.620-16. Definition of "Interested Party" - City Contractors - Those Attempting to Influence City Contracts

Regulation 3.620-17. Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Valuing Leases

Regulation 3.620-18. Definition of "Interested Party" – Lobbyists

Regulation 3.620-19. Definition of "Interested Party" - Lobbyist Clients and Affiliates of Lobbyist Clients

Regulation 3.620-20. Definition of "Interested Party" – Permit Consultants

Regulation 3.620-21. Indirect Solicitations

Regulation 3.620-22. Indirect Solicitations – Soliciting Fiscally Sponsored Entities

Regulation 3.620-23. Public Appeals

Regulation 3.610-1: Filing of Behested Payment Reports

Any officer who is required to file a behested payment report pursuant to section 3.610 shall do so by filing Form SFEC-3.610b with the Ethics Commission. The Commission may require that this form be filed in electronic format.

Regulation 3.620-1: Filing by Donors

(a) Any interested party who is required to file a report pursuant to section 3.620 must do so by filing Form SFEC-3.620a with the Ethics Commission. The Commission may require that this form be filed in electronic format.

(b) If an interested party has previously filed a Form SFEC-3.620a and, during the same calendar year, subsequently makes an additional behested payment at the behest of the same officer, the interested



party must file an additional Form SFEC-3.620a only if the interested party has become involved in additional proceedings or made additional contacts that were not disclosed pursuant to section 3.620(a)(1)–(3) on the initial Form SFEC-3.620a.

(c) Only behested payments subject to disclosure under section 3.610 may trigger the potential reporting required under section 3.620.

(d) An interested party shall file the disclosure required under section 3.620 only if the interested party has made behested payments totaling \$10,000 in a calendar year at the behest of a single officer or agents of that officer.

Regulation 3.620-2: Notice by Donors to Recipients

When a person making a behested payment notifies the recipient of the payment that the payment is a behested payment, as required by section 3.620(b), the person must notify the recipient of the name and title of the official at whose behest the payment is made.

Regulation 3.630-1: Filing by Recipients of Major Behested Payments

(a) Any person who is required under section 3.630(a)(1) or 3.630(a)(2) to disclose information about behested payments received shall do so by filing Form SFEC-3.630 with the Ethics Commission. The Commission may require that this form be filed in electronic format.

(b) When disclosing on the Form SFEC-3.630 how the funds received through behested payments were spent, a filer must retain records or documentation sufficient to substantiate such disclosure. If funds received through the behested payment(s) were not earmarked or otherwise used for a specific purpose, a filer may report such spending using last- in-first-out accounting from the time that the recipient received the behested payment(s).

Regulation 3.620-1: Soliciting Behested Payments

A behested payment is solicited by an officer or designated employee if the payment is, or would be, made at the behest of that officer or designated employee. Solicitation of a behested payment occurs regardless of whether a payment is actually made. A payment is made "at the behest of" an officer or designated employee if the payment is, or would be, made "under the control or at the direction of, in cooperation, consultation, coordination, or concert with, at the request or suggestion of, or with the express, prior consent of" the officer or designated employee.

Regulation 3.620-2: Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "Under the control or at the direction of"



Payments made under the control or at the direction of a City officer or designated employee, include, but are not limited to, payments where the officer or designated employee has the authority to authorize, command, order, require, guide, or administer the payment.

Regulation 3.620-3: Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "In cooperation, consultation, coordination, or concert with"

Payments made in cooperation, consultation, coordination, or concert with a City officer or designated employee, include, but are not limited to, payments where the officer or designated employee is communicating about the value, amount, timing, uses, benefits, impacts, limitations, recipients, purposes, or logistics of the payment.

Regulation 3.620-4: Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "At the request or suggestion of"

Payments made at the request or suggestion of a City officer or designated employee, include, but are not limited to, payments where the officer or designated employee asks for the payment directly or suggests that the payment being made would be beneficial to the officer or designated employee or any other party.

Regulation 3.620-5: Soliciting Behested Payments – Definition of "With the express, prior consent of"

Payments made with the express, prior consent of a City officer or designated employee, include, but are not limited to, payments where the officer or designated employee is notified by the payor of their intention to make the payment and the officer or designated employee takes steps to encourage the prospect of the payment.

Regulation 3.620-6: Soliciting Behested Payments Valued at Less Than \$1,000

A City officer or designated employee may solicit a behested payment from an interested party, if the value of the payment is less than \$1,000, or less than \$1,000 in aggregate if spread over a series of solicitations within a twelve-month period. In order for the solicitation not to violate section 3.620, the officer or designated employee must explicitly solicit less than \$1,000, and the amount of any actual payment must also be less than \$1,000. When it is not clear from the context and facts of the solicitation, the City officer or designated employee claiming to have solicited a payment valued at less than \$1,000 bears the burden of proving that the amount solicited was less than \$1,000. This proof could be demonstrated, for example, through copies of emails or other written communications or other means. If an amount is solicited, but no actual payment is made, the value of the solicitation counts towards reaching the \$1,000 solicitation limit for that twelve-month period.



Illustration: In January, a City officer approaches an interested party and asks the interested party to donate \$750 dollars to a local charity the officer supports. The interested party does not respond to the officer and does not donate any money to the local charity. In July, that same City officer asks that same interested party to donate \$750 to a local charity (either the same charity or a different charity). Since the officer had already asked this interested party for \$750 earlier in the same twelve-month period, they would be prohibited from asking for another \$750 now, as this would make the aggregate total \$1,500, which is not less than \$1,000.

Regulation 3.620-7: Soliciting Behested Payments for Unspecified Amounts

If a City officer or designated employee solicits a behested payment from an interested party and the value of the payment solicited is not explicitly less than \$1,000, the value may be assumed to be \$1,000 or more, when it is not clear from the context and facts of the solicitation.

Regulation 3.620-8: Exceptions

The following actions are not solicitations of behested payments for the purposes of Section 3.620:

- (a) Applying for a competitively awarded grant with or directly from an interested party, if the City officer or designated employee is applying on behalf of their department. Negotiating the terms of, entering into, performing pursuant to, amending, and expanding such a grant agreement between the source of the grant, the interested party, and the City is also not soliciting a behested payment.
- (b) Negotiating the terms of, entering into, performing pursuant to, amending, or expanding a grant agreement between an interested party and the City, on behalf of the officer or designated employee's department, that was initiated by an interested party. Any City officer or designated employee using this exception bears the burden of proving that they did not initiate the grant offer or negotiations. This proof could be demonstrated, for example, through copies of emails or other written communications or other means.
- (c) Coordinating the acceptance of gifts or other payments to the City that have been initiated by an interested party. Any City officer or designated employee using this exception bears the burden of proving that they did not initiate the payment from the interested party. This proof could be demonstrated, for example, through copies of emails or other written communications or other means. Any gift or payment accepted using this exception cannot confer a personal benefit on any City officials. Gifts or payments that confer a personal benefit include, but are not limited to food, drinks, holiday parties, and items intended for employee appreciation or recognition.
- (d) Soliciting payments from a nonprofit organization that is an interested party on behalf of the officer or designated employee's department, pursuant to the terms of a memorandum of understanding or similar agreement that has been approved by Office of the City Attorney and



the Controller. The primary purpose of the nonprofit organization must be to support the City department that would be receiving the payment. Any payment accepted using this exception cannot confer a personal benefit on any City officials. A payment that confers a personal benefit includes, but is not limited to food, drinks, holiday parties, and items intended for employee appreciation or recognition. This exception does not apply if the nonprofit organization is an interested party because it is the client of a lobbyist who, on behalf of the nonprofit organization, has contacted the officer or designated employee's department within the last twelve months.

- (e) Responding to a request for information from an interested party regarding charitable or philanthropic giving with factual information. If a party asks a City officer or designated employee for whom they are an interested party for information related to charitable or philanthropic giving, the officer or designated employee can only respond with factual information, such as the contact information for an organization the City has worked with or information about the work done with that organization, but is not permitted to coordinate, facilitate, or otherwise encourage a payment. For example, if an interested party asked for a list of organizations that a City department has worked with regarding a specific policy issue, the officer or designated employee could provide that list of organizations but would be prohibited from encouraging or recommending payments be made. Any City officer or designated employee using this exception bears the burden of proving that the request for information was initiated by the interested party and that any response was limited to factual information. This proof could be demonstrated, for example, through copies of emails or other written communications or other means.
- (f) The solicitation of campaign contributions.

Regulation 3.620-9: Definition of "Interested Party"

There are multiple situations that make a party an interested party for a City officer or designated employee. See San Francisco Ethics Commission Regulations 3.620-10 through 3.620-20 for more information about the different prongs of what makes someone an interested party.

Regulation 3.620-10: Definition of "Interested Party" – Parties Involved in Administrative Proceedings

Any party, participant, or agent of a party or participant involved in a proceeding regarding either administrative enforcement, or a license, permit, or other entitlement for use, before any officer within a department, will be an interested party for all officers and designated employees of that department during the pendency of the proceeding and for twelve months following the date on which a final decision is rendered regarding the proceeding. A proceeding regarding either administrative enforcement, or a license, permit or other entitlement for use is not "before" an officer merely because a determination in the proceeding is appealable to the officer, unless an appeal has actually been filed or otherwise initiated.



Illustration: An entity applies for a permit from a City department, and the department head must review and approve or deny the permit. Since the permit is before the department head, who is a City officer, the entity seeking the permit is now an interested party for all of the officers and designated employees of that department.

<u>Regulation 3.620-11: Definition of "Interested Party" – Parties Involved in</u> Governmental Decisions

Any party, participant, or agent of a party or participant involved in any governmental decision regarding either administrative enforcement, or a license, permit, or other entitlement for use, in which the officer or designated employee was personally and substantially involved is an interested party for that officer or designated employee.

Illustration: An entity applies for a permit from a City department, and the permit does not need to go before a City officer, but a designated employee must review, analyze, or approve the permit.

Since this designated employee was personally and substantially involved in the governmental decision regarding the permit, the entity seeking the permit is now an interested party for that designated employee. Since the permit was not before an officer of the department, the party would not become an interested party for all of the officers and other designated employees of that department based on this permit application.

Regulation 3.620-12: Definition of "Interested Party" – Licenses, Permits, or Other Entitlements for Use Issued on a Ministerial Basis

<u>Licenses</u>, permits, and other entitlements for use are issued on a ministerial basis if they are issued on a <u>first come</u>, first served basis, involve little or no discretion, merely apply a checklist or objective criteria to the facts presented, or are issued as-of-right with little or no review, analysis, or discretion.

Illustration: A person applies for a permit to reserve space in a City park for a birthday party, and the application is processed by a City employee without substantial review or the use of discretion by the employee that issues the permit. Since this permit was issued on a ministerial basis, it would not cause the person reserving the space to become an interested party for the employee.

Regulation 3.620-13: Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors

Any City Contractor contracting with or seeking to contact with a City department is an interested party for the City officers and designated employees of that department, as are the affiliates of the contractor, until the termination of negotiations for the contract or twelve months following the end of the contract's term, unless five years have elapsed since the execution of the contract without any amendment, extension, or renewal.



Illustration: A company bids on a contract with a City department in January and is informed in March that they were not awarded the contract and negotiations had been concluded for the contract. In May, a City officer of that department solicits a behested payment from the chief executive officer of this company. If the company and its chief executive officer are not otherwise interested parties for the City officer, this solicitation would not be prohibited, since the negotiations for the contract the company was seeking had terminated prior to the solicitation.

Regulation 3.620-14: Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Contract Term

If the term of a City contract extends beyond five years and if five years have elapsed since the contract was executed, amended, extended, or renewed, the contractor is no longer an interested party for the officers and designated employees of the contracting department based on this contract. If at some point the contract is amended, extended, or renewed, the contract would again make the contractor an interested party for the officers and designated employees of contracting department.

Illustration 1: A department executes a contract in March of 2024 with a 20-year term and that contract is not amended, extended, or renewed after it is executed. In March of 2029, this contract would no longer make the contractor an interested party for the officers and designated employees of the contracting department.

<u>Illustration 2:</u> The contract from Illustration 1 is amended in June of 2032. The amendment would again make the contractor an interested party for the officers and designated employees of the contracting department until June of 2037.

<u>Regulation 3.620-15: Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Grant Exception</u>

City contracts that exist solely for the purpose of providing a grant to the City or a City department do not make the contractor an interested party, this includes memoranda of understanding and similar agreements entered into for the purpose of providing grants to the City or a City department.

<u>Regulation 3.620-16: Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Those</u> <u>Attempting to Influence City Contracts</u>

If a person other than the contractor has attempted to influence an officer or designated employee regarding the approval, denial, extension, or amendment of a City contract, that person is an interested party for that officer or designated employee for twelve months following the attempt to influence. However, an entity that is providing, or negotiating to provide, a grant to the City or a City department, may suggest contractors to work on their particular grant without becoming an interested party.



Except as provided below, "attempted to influence" as used in section 3.620(a)(2), means the person has contacted or appeared before the City officer or designated employee with an intent to influence a decision of the employee or officer, or the person otherwise has attempted to influence the officer or employee. The phrase "intent to influence" means any communication made for the purpose of supporting, promoting, influencing, modifying, opposing, delaying, or advancing the approval, denial, extension, or amendment of a City contract. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following shall not be deemed to be an intent to for the purposes of section 3.620(a)(2): communications that (a) involve only routine requests for information such as a request for publicly available documents; (b) are made as a panelist or speaker at a conference or similar public event for educational purposes or to disseminate research and the subject matter does not pertain to a specific action or proceeding; (c) are made while attending a general informational meeting, seminar, or similar event; (d) are made to the press; (e) involve an action that is solely ministerial, secretarial, manual or clerical; (f) constitute oral or written public comment that becomes part of the record of a public hearing; (g) are made while speaking at a public forum or rally; or (h) are communicated via petition or social media.

Illustration: Prior to a Commission's vote awarding a City contract, a person not associated with a party to the contract solicitation process privately urges one of the Commissioners to not award the contract to a certain company that is being considered. This person would be an interested party for that Commissioner for the next twelve months.

Regulation 3.620-17: Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Valuing Leases

For the purposes of determining if a party is a City Contractor and thus an interested party, the value of the contract within a fiscal year is relevant. If the City or a City department is the lessor of real property, the value of the lease shall be based on the market rent value of the property. "Market Rent" shall mean the most probable rent that a real property should bring in a competitive and open market reflecting all conditions and restrictions of the lease agreement.

Regulation 3.620-18: Definition of "Interested Party" – Lobbyists

If a lobbyist is registered to lobby "All Departments" or has failed to disclose which departments the lobbyist expects to attempt to influence, as required by Section 2.110(b), the lobbyist will be considered an interested party for all City officers and designated employees for purposes of the behested payments provisions.

Regulation 3.620-19: Definition of "Interested Party" – Lobbyist Clients and Affiliates of Lobbyist Clients



Any person, and any affiliate of such person, for whom a lobbyist has contacted a City officer or employee in the last twelve months is an interested party for all City officers and designated employees within the department of the officer or employee who was contacted.

Illustration: A lobbyist contacts an officer of a City department in March on behalf of ABC Inc. In July, a designated employee of that department wants to solicit a behested payment from someone who owns 25% of ABC Inc. Because the person being solicited is an affiliate of the company for whom the lobbyist contacted the department and twelve months have not elapsed since the contact, the person would be an interested party for the designated employee, who would be prohibited from soliciting the payment.

Regulation 3.620-20: Definition of "Interested Party" – Permit Consultants

Permit consultants who are registered with the Ethics Commission and have reported contacts to carry out permit consulting services during the last twelve months with a City department, are interested parties for the City officers and designated employees of that department.

Illustration: A registered permit consultant contacts a City department to try and get a permit issue resolved for their client in May. In December, a designated employee of this department wants to solicit a behested payment from the permit consultant. This solicitation would be prohibited because the permit consultant has registered and has contacted the designated employee's department within the last twelve months.

Regulation 3.620-21: Indirect Solicitations

Directing or otherwise urging another person to solicit a behested payment from an identifiable interested party, includes, but is not limited to directing or otherwise urging another person to solicit an interested party by name, a group of parties the City officer or designated employee knows or has reason to know contain at least one interested party, or a group of parties based on criteria that the City officer or designated employee knows or has reason to know would likely result in at least one interested party being included. However, a group containing or likely containing an interested party or parties, may be solicited, if any interested parties are excluded from the solicitation.

Regulation 3.620-22: Indirect Solicitations – Soliciting Fiscally Sponsored Entities

If an entity is fiscally sponsored by an interested party, solicitations for behested payments from that entity may be prohibited based on certain factors present in the entity's relationship to its fiscal sponsor. These factors include, but are not limited to, the level of autonomy and discretion the fiscally sponsored entity has regarding decisions to make payments. If the fiscal sponsor has little to no discretion over the entity's payments and is required to carry out the will of the fiscally sponsored entity, soliciting the entity would not be prohibited. If the fiscal sponsor retains control over the decision



to make payments, the solicitation would be considered a solicitation of the fiscal sponsor and would thus be prohibited.

Regulation 3.620-23: Public Appeals

Following a public appeal, if an interested party initiates contact with a City officer or designated employee about potentially making the payment solicited through the public appeal, the level of engagement the officer or designated employee may have before the conduct rises to the level of soliciting a behested payment partially depends on who is the recipient of the solicited payment.

If the recipient of the payment solicited through the public appeal is not the City or a City department, the officer or designated employee can only respond with factual information, such as the recipient's contact information and may not otherwise coordinate, facilitate, or take steps to encourage the payment.

If the recipient of the payment solicited through a public appeal is the City or a City department, the officer or designated employee is permitted to coordinate, facilitate, negotiate, and otherwise encourage the payment, as though it were a grant or gift offer initiated by the interested party. See San Francisco Ethics Commission Regulations 3.620-8(b) and 3.620-8(c) for more information on grant and gift offers initiated by interested parties.

Attachment 2

Ethics Commission Agenda Item 10, Attachment 2 Summary of Draft Regulations on Behested Payments

11/28/22

Draft Regulations	Description and Rationale for Regulation
3.610-1, 3.620-1, 3.620-1, and	These four regulations relate to the local behested payments
3.630-1	reporting requirements that existed in the Code prior to January
Obsolete Regulations on	2022. The Code no longer requires this reporting. These regulations
Reporting Requirements	are obsolete and should be removed.
3.620-1	This regulation clarifies a payment is solicited by a City officer or
Soliciting Behested Payments	designated employee when made "at the behest of" that officer or employee. Draft Regulations 3.620-2 through 3.620-5 further define and illustrate when a payment is made "at the behest of" an officer or designated employee. This regulation also clarifies that a solicitation can occur regardless of whether a payment is actually made.
3.620-2	As required by the Code, this regulation defines when a payment is
Soliciting Behested Payments	made "at the behest of" a City officer or designated employee.
- Definition of "Under the	
control or at the direction of"	As we tradde the Code through the Life of the Code through the Code throug
3.620-3	As required by the Code, this regulation defines when a payment is
Soliciting Behested Payments	made "at the behest of" a City officer or designated employee.
– Definition of "In	
cooperation, consultation,	
coordination, or concert with"	As associated by the Code this groundsting defines where a groundstin
3.620-4	As required by the Code, this regulation defines when a payment is
Soliciting Behested Payments	made "at the behest of" a City officer or designated employee.
Definition of "At the request or suggestion of"	
3.620-5	As required by the Code, this regulation defines when a payment is
Soliciting Behested Payments	made "at the behest of" a City officer or designated employee.
- Definition of "With the	induce at the benest of a city officer of designated employee.
express, prior consent of"	
3.620-6	The changes to the Code that went into effect in November 2022,
Soliciting Behested Payments	included a change to the definition of the word 'payment' that
Valued at Less Than \$1,000	exempted solicitations valued at less than \$1,000 from the
	prohibition in Section 3.620. This regulation clarifies and illustrates
	how this new \$1,000 limit functions in practice.
3.620-7	Similar to Draft Regulation 3.620-6, this regulation provides
Soliciting Behested Payments	additional information on the new \$1,000 limit, specifically
for Unspecified Amounts	regarding situations where an interested party is being solicited for
	an unspecified amount.
3.620-8	This regulation, though its subsequent sub-sections, identifies
Exceptions	several activities that could currently be considered to be
	prohibited by Section 3.620. However, as these activities pose little

	risk of abuse, they can be exempted from the Section 3.620
	prohibition.
2 (20 8 (5)	
3.620-8 (a)	This regulation would allow City officers and designated employees
Applying for competitively	to apply for competitively awarded grants with or from an
awarded grants from or with	interested party, so long as they are doing so on behalf of their
an interested party	department. Applying for competitively awarded grants can be a
	valuable source of funding for City departments and as they are
	competitively awarded, there is little risk associated with such
	grants coming from an interested party.
3.620-8 (b)	Similar to Draft Regulation 3.620-8 (a) above, multiple departments
Negotiating and accepting	communicated that it is important for them to be able to negotiate
grants offered by an interested	and accept grants that may be offered, unsolicited, by an interested
party	party. In order to use this exception, the offer must not be initiated
	by the City officer or designated employee.
3.620-8 (c)	There can be situations where an interested party offers a gift or
Coordinating the acceptance	payment to the City. Without this regulation, coordinating the
of gifts or other payments to	acceptance of such a payment could violate the City's behested
the City that have been	payment rules. This regulation would allow City officials to
initiated by an interested	coordinate the acceptance of such gifts to the City, as long as 1)
party	they are initiated by the interested party and 2) do not provide City
	officials with any personal benefits (such as paying for holiday
	parties or other employee appreciation activities).
3.620-8 (d)	Several departments have nonprofit organizations, commonly
Soliciting payments from	known as "Friends Of" organizations that exist primarily to
nonprofit organizations that	fundraise and support the department. These organizations are
are interested parties	typically not interested parties, as past advice and Draft Regulation
pursuant to a memorandum of	3.620-15 specifies that the types of MOUs these organizations
understanding (MOU)	typically have do not make them interested parties due to the grant
	exception in the Code. However, it is possible that these
	organizations could become an interested party for other reasons
	(having a permit before a City officer of the department, for
	example). In such a situation, being an interested party could
	hinder the ability of the organization and the department to
	perform pursuant to their MOU, which is what this regulation is
	seeking to avoid by exempting solicitations made to these
	organizations pursuant to an MOU.
3.620-8 (e)	An interested party may ask a City officer or designated employee
Responding to request for	for information regarding charitable or philanthropic giving. This
information from an	regulation specifies that in such situations, the City official should
interested party regarding	limit their responses to factual information and avoid encouraging
charitable or philanthropic	or recommending specific payments be made.
giving	or recommending specific payments be made.
3.620-8 (f)	Soliciting campaign contributions has never been the intent of the
Soliciting campaign	City's behested payment rules. This regulation clarifies that
contributions	soliciting a campaign contribution is not soliciting a behested
Contributions	
	payment.

3.620-9	Section 3.630 requires the Ethics Commission to adopt regulations
Definition of "Interested	defining and illustrating "interested party." Draft Regulations 3.620-
Party"	10 through 3.620-20 define and illustrate the various ways a party
,	can become an interested party.
3.620-10	This regulation clarifies how being party to a proceeding regarding
Definition of "Interested	administrative enforcement or a license, permit, or other
Party" – Parties Involved in	entitlement for use before a City officer can make the party an
Administrative Proceedings	interested party. This regulation also clarifies that a matter merely
	being appealable to an officer, does not mean the matter is
	currently "before" that officer.
3.620-11	This regulation clarifies how being party to a government decision
Definition of "Interested	regarding either administrative enforcement, or a license, permit,
Party" – Parties Involved in	or other entitlement for use makes the party an interested party for
Governmental Decisions	all of the City officers and designated employees who were
	personally and substantially involved in that decision.
3.620-12	This regulation illustrates how the exception for licenses, permits,
Definition of "Interested	and other entitlements for use that are issued on a ministerial basis
Party" – Licenses, Permits, or	works in practice.
Other Entitlements for Use	
Issued on a Ministerial Basis	
3.620-13	This regulation illustrates how being a City contractor or seeking a
Definition of "Interested	City contract makes the contractor an interested party. This
Party" – City Contractors	regulation focuses on illustrating how if the contract is not awarded
	to the entity seeking the contract, they are only an interested party
	until the termination of negotiations over the contract.
3.62014	This regulation focuses on illustrating how a City contractor will no
Definition of "Interested	longer be made an interested party by the contract, if five years
Party" – City Contractors –	have elapsed since the contract was last executed, amended,
Contract Term	extended, or renewed.
3.620-15	The Code states that contracts for the purposes of providing a grant
Definition of "Interested	to the City or a City department do not make the contractor an
Party" – City Contractors –	interested party for the purposes of Section 3.620. This regulation
Grant Exception	specifies that this includes memoranda of understanding and
	similar agreements that are entered into for the purpose of
	providing grants to the City or a City department, like those commonly entered into between departments and their "Friends
	Of" organizations.
3.620-16	This regulation defines "attempt to influence" for the contractor
Definition of "Interested	prong of what makes someone an interested party. This definition
Party" – City Contractors –	pulls from the similar definition already used for Section 3.216, with
1	,
, ,	•
3.620-17	
Definition of "Interested	
1	
Those Attempting to Influence City Contracts 3.620-17 Definition of "Interested Party" – City Contractors – Valuing Leases	the inclusion of the other requirements included in Section 3.610. This regulation also specifies that this prong does not apply the City contractors who are seeking or awarded the contract. In situations where the City or a City department are the lessors of real property, the value of that property is relevant to if the lessee is an interested party (if valued at \$100,000 or more per year, they would be considered a City contractor and thus an interested

	ports.) This regulation because the definition of "NA subst Dest"
	party). This regulation borrows the definition of "Market Rent"
	from Section 23.2 of the City's Administrative Code to provide
	guidance to departments for how to determine the value of their
	leases for the purposes of Section 3.620.
3.620-18	This regulation clarifies that lobbyists who register to lobby "All
Definition of "Interested	Departments" or who fail to disclose which departments they
Party" – Lobbyists	expect to attempt to influence when they register, will be
	considered interested parties for the City officers and designated
	employees of all City departments.
3.620-19	This regulation illustrates how lobbyist clients and their affiliates
Definition of "Interested	are interested parties, if a lobbyist has contacted the City officer or
Party" – Lobbyist Clients and	designated employee's department in the last 12 months on behalf
Affiliates of Lobbyist Clients	of the client.
3.620-20	This regulation illustrates how registered permit consultants are
Definition of "Interested	interested parties for the City officers and designated employees of
Party" – Permit Consultants	a department, if within the last twelve months they have reported
	contacts with their department to carry out permit consulting
	services.
3.620-21	This regulation clarifies what it means to indirectly solicit a
Indirect Solicitations	behested payment from an identifiable interested party.
3.620-22	This regulation specifies the factors used to determine when
Indirect Solicitations –	soliciting a payment from an entity that is fiscally sponsored by an
Soliciting Fiscally Sponsored	interested party may be prohibited by Section 3.620.
Entities	
3.620-23	This regulation clarifies the level of communication that is allowed
Public Appeals	between a City officer or designated employee and an interested
	party, following a public appeal. In general, if the public appeal was
	soliciting a payment to a non-City entity, any subsequent
	communications between the City official and interested party
	should be limited to factual information, such as the recipient's
	contact information. However, if the City is the recipient of the
	payment, the City official may be more involved in the coordination
	of the payment by the interested party.
	and payment of the moderated party.